

The future of manufacturing with 5G and Internet of Things (IoT)

Today, the UK is the world's eighth largest manufacturing nation — and it will break into the top five by 2021. By then, 5G will be available across the country and beginning to take the assembly line – and the manufacturing industry as a whole – far beyond what has previously been possible.

5G is the next generation of cellular network. It's supported by several emerging new technologies that, together, will unlock the potential of businesses across the country:



Massive MIMO

The number of antennas will increase more than ten-fold, which means more signal paths for sending data to customers faster



Edge computing

Data is being processed closer to the end user in local networks and devices rather than in the cloud, making response time faster and millisecond decision-making possible



Network slicing

Capacity of the 5G network can be allocated to match requirements, meaning simple devices and dataheavy demands have the right sized network slice

Time-saving machine learning

With 5G, robots will share knowledge across the assembly line, between factories and around the world, pre-empting mistakes before they happen



improving the quality of production

Automated processes Moving to automated machining and pressworking on a production line, for example, allows for higher output at lower cost



With 5G, robotic 3D-scanning will be

Cost-saving quality control

possible on a mass scale, meaning tiny flaws are found before they become expensive recalls

5G provides dedicated connectivity

Intelligent network allocation

to the machines and devices that matter most to keep production going

Simple scalability

With 5G, there is the capacity to connect lots more devices as production increases, without interference

Not all of this is possible yet – but it's not far off.

Vodafone are rolling out 5G across the UK this year, bringing 5G connectivity to manufacturing plants, workshops and small-scale units, transforming the production line

and is available now:

A lot of what makes this technology tick comes from IoT –



In order to communicate with users and with each other, smart devices need an

Connectivity

internet connection. This could be 4G, 5G, over Wi-Fi or with Narrowband-IoT. No matter where the devices are, there's a connection available almost anywhere.



Sensors are the "what does it do?" part of

Sensors

IoT. They can take the temperature of something, measure speed and sound, detect gas and monitor vibrations.



network of powerful servers, the cloud

The cloud

can be public or private, and is safe and secure. With the cloud, activity takes place over an internet connection rather than on the device itself.

in all kinds of ways. Examples include:

Made up of a huge, interconnected



management of smart devices, 24/7. What's more, with third party integration,

IoT platform

real-time analytics can be dissected to reveal patterns and trends and identify any performance issues.

A central platform allows for the remote

These IoT building blocks are transforming manufacturing

to check for faults More cost-effective than

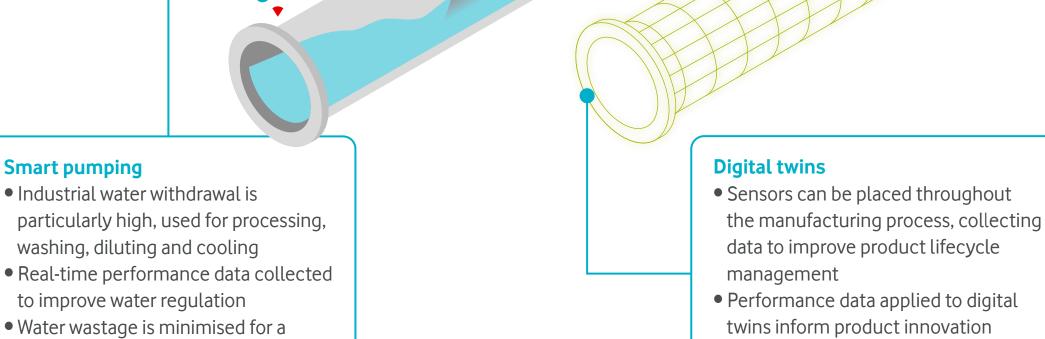
Predictive maintenance

about to happen

age-based checks

• Sensors spot warning signs of faults

• No need to take machinery offline



washing, diluting and cooling

Smart pumping

- Water wastage is minimised for a more efficient factory

management

- Performance data applied to digital twins inform product innovation and R&D • Digital twins can be embedded into physical products for earlier
 - fault detection

Manufacturing and IoT today

Vodafone's 2019 IoT Barometer report has found:



companies are

are using IoT to improve business

efficiency

considered to be very sophisticated

of the industry's

IoT solutions are

using IoT

The future of your business

5G is here, unlocking the potential of businesses across the UK.

Discover how 5G can take your business beyond limits at vodafone.co.uk/business/why-vodafone/5g-for-business

The future is exciting. Ready?